

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE, EDITOR.

VOLUME VIII. NO. 125.

POETRY.

THE EMPIRE OF WOMEN.—**SCHILLER.**
Her might is gentleness—she winseth sway
By a soft word, and by a softer look;
Where she the gentle-loving one, hath failed,
The world and storm might never yet succeed.
Strength, power, and majesty, belong to man;
They make the glory native to his life;
But sweetness is a woman's attribute—
By that she has reigned, and by that will reign.
There have been some, who with a mighty mind,
Have won dominion—but they never won
The dearer empire of the beautiful:—
Sweet sovereigns in their natural loveliness
L. E. L.

THE MESSAGE.—ANON.

A moment, hidy nightingale!
A maiden sits alone,
With the moonlight falling round her—
My loved one, and my own.
Say sweetest things, in singing,
To this dear love of mine;
I cannot trust my music
To any voice but thine.

L. E. L.

From the New York Transcript, April 15.

COURT OF OYER AND TERMINER.

White Plains, April 14, 1835.

The Circuit Court and the Court of Oyer and Terminer organized at this place on Monday morning, and commenced the business of the session. The following Judges form the Court:—Caleb Tompkins, first Judge of the County; Wm. Jay, Nehemiah Brown, Aaron Vark, and Ezra Lockwood, together with Charles H. Ruggles, Circuit Judge.

After the disposal of several civil cases, the District Attorney, Mr. Wm. Nelson, with whom is associated for the prosecution, Mr. Storrs, of New York, ordered Robert Matthews, otherwise called Matthias the Prophet, to be called into Court, and the *ci-devant* prophet soon afterwards entered the room, not dressed in his robes and canonicals, as heretofore, but simply in his usual green frock, lined with light plaid silk, green pantaloons, a light blue colored waistcoat, a rich red silk scarf sash, *a la militaire* around his waist, and lace ruffles. His step was very firm, and his whole bearing somewhat haughty; his eye looked remarkably bright, and expressive of much cunning and scorn; his hair, which was very long, has grown gray in many places, particularly around the temples; his beard, which was cut by one of the police officers in New York, while he was in confinement there, has also grown gray and grisly, but is now long and flowing.

Before a jury was called, Mr. Western, counsel for the prisoner, rose and stated that he was not quite ready to proceed instantly with his client's case, on account of the absence of several of his most important witnesses, and although forty of them had been duly subpoenaed, not more than half a dozen were present. His most material witness, however, Isabella, the black servant to Mrs. Folger at the time of Mr. Pierson's death, and who helped to lay him out, was in court ready to testify; but as her veracity had been elsewhere called in question, he wished to await the arrival of some witnesses who would testify to her good character for truth and veracity. He (Mr. Western) held in his hands several certificates from respectable individuals, which gave her a most excellent character, and if the District Attorney would admit these as good evidence, he (Mr. W.) would go into the trial immediately. The District Attorney, in reply, stated that he was not willing to admit the certificates as evidence in lieu of oral testimony; nor was he willing to admit any testimony on this trial, on behalf of the prisoner, to which he was not strictly entitled in a legal point of view. Nevertheless, he would afford Mr. Western any reasonable space of time to bring up his witnesses.

Mr. Western then requested the court to postpone the trial until the afternoon, which was assented to, and Matthias was taken back to his cell.

Postscript.—The trial of Matthias is set down for 9 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday). Mr. and Mrs. Folger are here, and a witness who was advertised for in the Courier, but whose surname even was not known, is also here; he was in the army, and was found at Old Point Comfort in Virginia; one of his comrades saw the advertisement in the Courier, and read it to him, and he instantly wrote on to Mr. Western to state where he could be found. He helped lay Mr. Pierson out after his death.

Mrs. Folger is in a very declining state of health, and seems fast going to "that bourne from whence no traveler returns."

The daughter of Mr. Pierson is also in attendance at White Plains, as a witness.

Many of the people in this neighborhood place the most implicit and unhesitating reliance still, in the doctrines and dogmas of this ignorant and cunning impostor. Among other bare-faced acts, he issued a decree the other day from his cell, commanding all those persons connected with agriculture, to "go and lay by their ploughs, their harrows, and their seedspits; for as I live, and as the Lord liveth, there shall be no more spring upon earth, until 1, Matthias, the twelfth and last of the Apostles of the Lord, am delivered from this bondage." He also prophesied that if he was found guilty, a woe and a lamentation would come upon the place of his conviction, and all White Plains should be destroyed by an earthquake, and not soul of its population be left to tell the tale of its annihilation!

We saw him in his cell after he left court and asked him how he felt. "I feel," said he, "that the Spirit of the Omnipotent is my stay, as he will be exceeding great reward, and I know that I shall come out of this fiery furnace of affliction, like gold that is 7 times purified! But my mind is debilitated, because my going into court I lost half my dinner. (Here the jailor made his appearance.) By the bye I should like to have a luncheon. (This was 3 P.M.)

Jailor.—Yes, Sir, you shall.

Reporter.—Matthias they have obtained the witness that he advertised for, in the Courier—Mr. Pierson's coachman who laid him out after his death.

Matthias.—Good God! can it be possible? What! Lewis—Lewis! I forget the surname, but he is a most important witness—he knows that Mr. Pierson was not—but no matter; the end cometh which no man knoweth. Mr. Western has persevered so as to get Lewis, has he? Well, that's better than two dimes.

[Here a man came up to the cell door and cried out, "Let's have a peep at the old devil!"]

Matthias.—Young man, it's a wonder that your tongue does not cleave to the roof of your mouth, thus to profane a discourse directed by the prophet of the Lord. Know ye not that in the days of Jesus of Nazareth they said, "He hath a devil?" Even so it is unto this day. Depart, ye evil one, for ye know me not. [He then turned round and continued to our reporter]—But whence come ye, and what is your mission?

Reporter.—I belong to the New York press.

Matthias.—Aye! aye! a mighty engine—a blessing and a curse. Speak of me as I am—set down naught in malice—nothing extenuate—write the truth about me.

[Here we were reminded by the gaoler that it was time to break off, and hearing that the prophet refused to press the palm of any one, we tendered our hand at parting, with this remark, "Good bye, Matthias."]

MONDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1835.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE.

Matthias.—I never shake hands with mere mortals. Know ye not 'tis written, "touch not the Prophet of the Lord?"

Here we broke off and came away.

At the post mortem examination of Pierson's body, just after his death, there was no chemical examination of the contents of his stomach, but merely an inspection, which took place at Morristown, New Jersey. His stomach was again examined a few days back, and the abdominal muscles were found very perfect, as were also the intestines; circumstances which could scarcely have occurred had he died from the effects of a corrosive mineral poison.

The Grand Jury have found a second indictment against Matthias, viz. for an assault of an aggravated and singular nature upon the body of his own daughter, &c. &c., the circumstances connected with which will develop some extraordinary facts. It is also stated that a third bill of indictment will be found against him, on a charge of a different (but equally heinous) nature from the charge of murder.

Some most singular and astounding disclosures, it is said, will be made on this trial, relative to the conduct and connexion of Matthias towards one of the females at Mount Zion, Sing Sing, &c. &c.

FOR SALE.—Two story Brick Dwelling Houses, No. 6 Sturges place, Pearl st. The above houses are nearly new, and siting room, kitchen on the first floor—two parlors with marble mantices, recesses, and good pump and cistern water, under cover. Said houses are thoroughly built, and very convenient for one large or two small families. Apply to DAVIS & MESEVER, carpenters, Backstone st.

WATCHES.—Just received at BLAKE'S wholesale and retail Fancy Goods store, an invoice of fine gold cases, plain and skeleton Levers—do—jewelled Lepines silver case—do—gold and silver cased, plain movement.

The above will be sold at a very small advance to dealers in the line, or retained at very low prices, at No. 196 Washington st, opposite the Marlboro Hotel. coppt. a16

SILVER PENCIL CASES.—Addison & Co.'s improved ever pointed Silver Pencil Cases, of various patterns, for sale by MARSH, CAPE & LYON.

SIX LECTURES on Revivals of Religion, delivered in the Universalist Church in Portland, 1831—by Menzies Bayner—for sale by MARSH, CAPE & LYON, 133 Washington st.

BRIGHT VARNISH.—25 blis just received per

Splendid and for sale by F. E. WHITE, 22 Long wharf, a18

A MISTAKE occurred last evening in the exchange of tokens, which were taken from the Boston and Worcester Rail Road Cars. The one which the undersigned left in exchange had the owner name marked upon the front. HORACE WELLS, a18

STRAY HORSE.—Found on the 14th inst., a brown Horse—the owner is requested to call at the Wheelwright's Shop, opposite Bartlett's wharf, in Commercial st., and prove property, pay charges and take him away. a18

BALANCE MANUFACTORY.—Patent balances and Scale Beans manufactured in the best manner, and warranted equal to any of the kind, manufactured and for sale, by MARSH, CAPE & LYON, 133 Washington st.

LYNN LOCKE.—An excellent lock and warranted, epapn. a15

ADIES' MAGAZINE FOR APRIL.—This day published by JAMES B. DOW, 382 Washington street.

Contents: Original Miscellany: The Gambler's Wife—Happines—Roman Sketches, Fannia—Lost Beauty—Lady Blessings—Fancy Poetry—A Good Wife—Progress of Civilization—Ladies' Temperance Convention &c. Original Poetry—Fiction—Innocence. Music: "When shall we meet again?" by Lowell Mason, Esq. 3s—16

IN PRESS—will be published in a few days, by E. HALE, 127 Washington street—

"Many Things upon Money Matters," a juvenile production upon Political Economy—for the use of young people in the United States—illustrated with numerous Engravings etc. in 1 vol. 15mo.

Familiar Conversations upon the Constitution of the United States, designed for the use of Common Schools, etc. in 1 vol. 15mo.

TALES OF WOMEN'S TRIALS—by Mrs. S. C. Hall.

Real Life—Pages from the Portfolio of a Chronicler—complete in 1 vol. duodecimo—just received and for sale by J. HANCOCK, Periodical depot, 127 Washington st. a17

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JOHN McGURK, formerly Gardener to Chancellor Leveson's brother—any gentleman who may wish to patronize him in Boston or vicinity, as Gardener, will please apply at the corner of Beach and Front streets—or at 14 Milk street.

SAAC L. HILDRETH, Merchant Tailor, has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public that he has taken the Store No. 4 Rodgers' Building, Congress Square, formerly occupied by John H. Simonds—where he will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest style and variety of fabric to suit those who may favor him with their patronage. tfr. §

OLD PORT AND SHERRY WINE.—

8 PIPES old Port Wine, entitled to debenture, from the house of Hunt, Newman, Roupe & Co., double diamond brand, the highest grade of wine—billed by that house.

15 qr. casks old Pale Sherry. 17 do. do. Brown do. entitled to debenture—Paul II & Co. brand, well known in this market as a superior article. For sale by JOHN TYLER, No. 9 Central Wharf. 2mns

RODGERS & SON'S PEAK KNIVES, &c.—A prime assortment of the genuine Rodger's & Son's Peaked Knives, silver with pearl and buck heads—do—desk Knives and Erasers. Also—Rodger's superior Razors—the genuine Chas. Emerson's Razor Strip—Pomery's do—German and Scotch Hones—best quality Scaps—Dressing Cases &c. &c., with every article adapted for the Gentleman's toilet—for sale by JOHN MARSH, 77 Washington st, Joy's building, opposite the post office.

NINE PAPER.—For sale by JOHN MARSH, 77 Washington street, Joy's building a select assortment of valuable Writing and Letter Paper, among which are Hudson's fine Linen letter and offset Paper for blanks, foreign letters, &c. Also Ames' satin surface letter paper, a very cheap article, m25

NOTICE TO TAILORS.—WM. H. ROGERS, 6 Joys, Washington street, being duly appointed sole Agent for A. F. Sargeant's Semi-annual Report and Mirror of Fashion, (published in the city of New York,) will be happy to receive subscriptions for either of them.

He is also appointed sole Agent for Heinrich Patent Cutting Shears, and all those who are in want of them will please make immediate application.

REPORTS OF FASHION.—A. F. Sargeant's Report of Fashions are just received and ready for delivery at WM. H. ROGERS'S, 6 Joy's building, 81 Washington street. Just received at the Periodical Depot, 127 Washington street.

FOR SALE.—Few No. 13s, the Second Baptist Meeting house, located in Baldwin place—apply to T. HASKELL, Sexton, or to C. CHASE, No. 4 Fleet st. 1w—n14

WANTED.—A boy about 15 years of age, as an Apprentice in a Bookbindery. Inquire of MARSH, CAPE & LYON, 133 Washington street. 1w a15

WANTED.—70 first rate coat makers—Inquire of MARINER, 7 Congress street.

HERE we were reminded by the gaoler that it was time to break off, and hearing that the prophet refused to press the palm of any one, we tendered our hand at parting, with this remark, "Good bye, Matthias."

NOTICE.—The Copartnership existing under the firm of Tuttle & Pruder, is by mutual consent this day dissolved—the unsettled business of said firm will be disposed of by ISRAEL R. PRUDER, at No. 31 & 32 Commercial wharf.

JESSIE TUTTLE, ISRAEL R. PRUDER.

Boston, April 13, 1835

ISRAEL R. PRUDER will continue the Dry Fish, Packing and Coopering, at No. 31 & 32 Commercial wharf, and will keep an account of Retail Fish.

Also—for sale 500 Molasses Shooks, with heads—600 small without heads.

THE SUBSCRIBER will keep at No. 31 Commercial wharf, and carry on his business as usual, at Philadelphia Pack Pier.

JESSE TUTTLE.

at No. 10 & 12 Congress street, Boston.

1835.

COPARTNERSHIP FORMED.—The subscribers have entered into a copartnership under the firm of W. & H. WISWELL, for the purpose of carrying on the *TAILORING BUSINESS*, at No. 156 Hanover st. They will devote their whole time to the above business, and hope by their strict attention to the public, to please the public, and merit and receive a liberal share of its patronage.

1835.

NOTICE.—The copartnership existing under the firm of Fletcher & Hayward, is dissolved by mutual consent, the concerns of the late firm will be settled by OLIVER FLETCHER, who will continue business at the Old Stand, No. 2 India street.

OLIVER FLETCHER, JOSHUA H. HAYWARD.

Boston, February 28th, 1835.

W. WISWELL, H. WISWELL.

Boston, Feb 21, 1835.

W. WISWELL, H. WISWELL.

1835.

HYDRAULIC PUMPS & WATER CLOSETS.

THOMAS POLLARD, Engineer and Plumber, at Cambridge street, near the bridge, Boston, gives notice to his customers and the public at large, that he continues manufacturing Hydraulic Lift and Pumping Pumps, with pure block tin pipe, which will not corrode nor injure the liquor. Also, Stench Traps, for sinks and drains—Flat Roots covered with Lead or Zinc. Likewise, small brass Pumps, expressly for bat rooms for raising hot and cold water, and on a plan to prevent pipes from freezing—small Claret Pumps which come very low.

All the above warranted to be equal to any imported or manufactured in this country, and as cheap as can be purchased in this city.

Plumbers work in all its branches executed in the best manner. Orders from the country punctually attended to.

1835.

Wanted, at the above business, two plumbers—none but the best workmen need to apply—to such the highest wages will be given.

1835.

NORTON & COOLEY, Counsellors and Attorneys at Law, MILFORD P. NORTON, BANGOR, MAINE.

MONDAY, APRIL 20, 1835.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Democratic County Committee, elected at Faneuil Hall, on the evening of the 3d instant, will be held for the purpose of organization, at CONCERT HALL on Tuesday evening next, the 21st instant, at 8 o'clock.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Government of the Washington Society, will be held at Concert Hall, on Wednesday evening, the 22d instant, at 8 o'clock.

THE BOOT ON T'OTHER LEG.

"THREE CHEERS FOR RHODE ISLAND!"—*Atlas.*
"It is with the sincerest pleasure that we lay before our readers the TRUE NEWS from Rhode Island!"—*Atlas.* "Long live to little Rhode Island! May she live a thousand years!"—*Commercial Gazette.* The Democrats have carried the State "precisely as the Post understands it." Governor FRANCIS is elected with the whole Democratic Ticket for General Officers—"Our opponents," says the Providence Herald, "with all their wealth and power, their intrigue and corruption, are again defeated and down; we hope they may rest quietly and not compel us again into the excitement of party contention. Rhode Island has thus again shewn her determined adherence to the Constitution, and the principles of Government as developed by Thomas Jefferson, practised upon by Madison, and sustained by our inflexible and patriotic Jackson."

"Surely the democracy of the whole country may rejoice with exceeding joy. The majority of the last Senate of the United States must blush for shame, under this last rebuke of the people, upon their unjustifiable and factious proceedings. KNIGHT, the last of this recreant band, has been prostrated, and with Pindexter, Sprague, Foot, Frelinghuysen, &c., stands as a living monument of the popular indignation. Rhode Island is yet free from the disgraceful bondage which had been prepared for her."

"What character our opponents will appear next, we do not know—but we do know they have been significantly defeated and disgraced as Federalists, as Unionists, as National Republicans, and Whigs—and in what ever character, and under whatever names they shall appear, defeat and disgrace shall always attend them."

We feel great pleasure in being able to congratulate our friends upon the result of the late arduous and momentous contest. The flag of Democracy floats triumphantly, and we look forward with great confidence, that in spite of demagogues, there will always be found virtue enough among the people, to protect it from all assailants.

"We have gained five Representatives—and lost none."

The Newport Mercury, a Whig paper, of April 18, contains returns from every town in the State, from which it appears that Francis (dem.) has 3353—Knight 3229—Francis' majority, 124.

The present Senate (democratic) is re-elected by a small majority.

New York Election.—The Journal of Commerce says—Enough is necessary to render it next to certain that each Board of the new Common Council will consist of 4 Whigs and 11 Jackson men. They may possibly stand 5 and 10, but the probability is in favor of the former numbers.

Virginia Election.—Of 22 members, ascertained to be elected to the House of Delegates, the Richmond Whig sets down 10 as Whigs, and 12 as Jackson men.

Maine Lands.—Speculation in Maine lands seems to rage with as much intensity as was ever evinced in any wild and extravagant project—lands that a few years since were knocked off under the hammer at ten cents an acre, have recently been bought at \$7 per acre. Some of the speculators appear land mad. We heard of a Physician in Maine, engaged in these speculations, who recently in prescribing for his patient, ordered twenty acres of land to be taken before breakfast, and if that did not operate in two hours, to swallow twenty more.

Another of these land jobbers on seeing the stages arrive in Portland full of passengers, remarked, in his speculating and abstract mood, that they came very full of townships.

The Post says—"The Editor of the Centinel more like an insane man about Lawrence, than the assassin acted." Thy reasons, neighbor Post.—Cincinnati.

In the first instance, for expressing a belief that Lawrence was employed by the President's friends—2d, intimating, against positive evidence, that the pistols were not properly loaded—3d, doubting Lawrence's insanity, and 4th, manifesting a confidence that sensible men would agree with you in your contemptible surmises.

The Berkshire District Convention, held at Lenox on the 10th inst., made choice of the Hon. Jonathan Allen, of Pittsfield, as a delegate to the Baltimore Convention, and voted that he be instructed to vote for Martin Van Buren, of New York, as a candidate for the office of President, and William C. Rives, of Virginia, for Vice President of the United States.

The Prophet Matthias.—The trial of this notorious imposter and scoundrel, for the murder of Mr Pearson, commenced at White Plains, Westchester county, N. Y., on Wednesday last. We have begun the republication of the Report of the trial, upon our First Page, and shall continue it as fast as it is received.

The Journal of Commerce, in speaking of the Erie Rail Road, says that before 1845, it "will be extended through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, to St Louis, Missouri, at the mouth of the great Missouri River, which reaches as much farther to the West as we care to stretch our anticipations at present."

Reprehensible.—In several bookstores in Washington street may be seen a new print, calculated to revive the Fall River excitement. The subject represents a very reverend gentleman standing very near a haystack, to which an unfortunate young lady appears to be suspended.

The editor of the New Orleans Bee, a democratic paper, has been elected city printer.

POLICE COURT.

A Desperado.—A sailor by the name of James Corbett, (alias Perry) was arrested by Constable Ellis, for attempting to stab a number of persons in the boarding house of Mr John Wise, in Ann street, on Friday night. When put to the bar, with his countenance encrusted with his own blood, through which glanced forth most ferocious flashes of a couple of snake-like eyes, he presented a most magnificent specimen of sin. Without any known provocation, and apparently not even under the influence of liquor, he became suddenly enraged, and, seizing a huge carving-knife, threatened, with a most infuriated demeanor, to have the heart's blood of every man in the room, and desperately attempted to put his bloody threats into execution. In the paroxysm of his fury, he declared that he had been a pirate, and pointed to a sabre wound on his head, as a confirmation of his assertion, stating that he had received it in a piratical engagement. One of the individuals at whom he aimed a stab, dexterously warded off the blow, by striking his arm forward, and thereby bringing the edge of the knife in contact with Corbett's nose. After the men present had closed upon him, and wrested the carving-knife from his grasp, he succeeded in getting a large jack-knife from his pocket, and renewed his attempts upon their lives. They, however, after severe conflict, mastered him, but not without mangling his face severely, and almost deluging him in his own blood. Such was the demoniac ferocity he displayed in the encounter, that all the witnesses were fearfully impressed with the belief in his assertion that he had been a pirate. In reviewing the evidence, the Court remarked, that it seemed little short of a miracle that he had not killed several in the affray. Towards the close of the examination, Corbett showed the "white feather," and began to whine about his being a stranger in the city, and had only one friend in it. This was a Portuguese, who was in Court, but observed from view by a most primeval pair of whiskers, which, judging from their sublime size, density, and development, might have been planted when Adam was a little boy. The Portuguese, however, was a man of conscience as well as whiskers, and would only swear that he had "been sail once time a vyadge wid him olap, and dat he vas von vera bad man;" and the Court, being of the same opinion, he was committed for trial at the Municipal Court.

Bad effects of Boasting.—On Saturday night, April 11, three men attacked Ebenezer Given, a watchman, while on his rounds in Merrimac street, and, after knocking him down, deprived him of his hook, and compelled him to fly for safety. The origin of the assault was one of common occurrence—a little wanton dalliance between one of the assailants and a "night walker," as certain ladies are legally denominated; and, while Mr Given was debating "within the cabinet of his own sagacious breast," upon the propriety—that is to say, the safety—of arresting the damsel, he had stepped up behind him, and unceremoniously knocked him over; and two other kiddies came up to lend a helping hand, and, by dint of sundry timely kicks, contrived to keep him down. It may well be supposed that when he regained his feet, Given, however much his Ebenezer might be up, did not stop to ask the gentlemen who attacked him for their cards, and he was fain to retreat and wait the course of events to discover who they were; and he might have waited till this day, if the glory of having "whipped a watchman" had not been too insupportable to be kept secret. In addition to this, a crack on the sconce, and a generous flow of blood, which John Howe carried with him into a bar-room, led to a series of inquisitive remarks, which constrained him to speak of his achievements, even if his modesty might otherwise have induced him to remain silent.

By declarations under these circumstances, it was pretty clearly ascertained that Howe was the man who first attacked Given, and he was accordingly arrested, and completely identified. He is one of the drivers of the Great Caravan of Wild Beasts. He was bound over in the sum of \$300, for trial at the Municipal Court, and the witnesses against him in the sum of \$100: Their bonds were fixed thus high because some of them at first manifested a disposition to swear shy against their friend.

Union Street Exhibition.—This interesting place of amusement is now closed for the season; and the world of living wonders therein congregated has turned locomotive, and set off on its visit to many of the towns in New England. Their grand procession, on Saturday, was really worth witnessing. The corners and squares seemed to be beset by persons of all ages, anxious to get a glimpse of the "show." The eighty or ninety "dapple greys" were in fine condition, and the thirty or forty mounted eads had a fresh and uniform appearance. We have had no exhibition of animals to compare with this; and we trust our country friends will embrace the opportunity of viewing its multiplied and various specimens of "forest life."

The route, we understand, leads through a part of Worcester and Hampshire counties, and up the Connecticut river.

The Dwelling House of Nath'l S. Dodge, of Pittsfield, in this State, was entered during the night of the 13th inst., and robbed of \$1900 in bills on the Winooski, Haverhill, Boston and Portsmouth banks.—Two hundred and fifty dollars are offered for the thief or money.

The Convent Rioters.—P. P. Pond, A. Kelly, and one other, appeared before the Supreme Judicial Court, at Concord, on Tuesday last, and continued their recognizances for their appearance until the first of June, when they will be put upon trial.

The Courier says—"If Englishmen hang themselves to get rid of a cloudy November, what might not Yankees do to obtain relief from the intolerable, cold, wet, drizzling, sultry beauties of their 'all-reviving spring?'"

It is Knowles's Benefit to-night at the Tremont; the best Dramatist of the age, the best man of the century, and one whose heart is as noble as his genius is transcendent.

The Charlestown Aurora, of Saturday evening, says:—"We hear that a suit is to be commenced against an individual for refusing to pay toll. This will give the case a try."

The Savannah Republican is the worst printed paper we ever saw.

From England.—By the packet ship George Washington, Holdridge, from Liverpool, we have intelligence to the 24th instant.—*N. Y. Eve. Star.*

From our Special Correspondent.

Liverpool, March 24.—The Peel cabinet are certainly gaining ground here, but more with the people than Parliament. If Peel weatheres the storm one fortnight longer, he is Prime Minister while King William reigns.

France.—The change of ministry in France has not excited much attention in England. In fact, as I told you last week, it is not a change. The premier forms the only exception; unless, what is doubtful, Marshal Maison accept the war ministry. This, then, is a correct list of the present ministry of France, the deputies of Louis Philippe:

President of the Council, and	<i>Duc de Broglie.</i>
Minister for Foreign Affairs,	<i>Admiral de Rigny.</i>
Minister of War (ad interim)	<i>Admiral Duperre.</i>
Minister of Marine,	<i>M. Thiers.</i>
Minister of Interior,	<i>M. Guizot.</i>
Minister of Public Instruction,	<i>M. Persil.</i>
Minister of Justice,	<i>M. Duchatelet.</i>
Minister of Commerce,	<i>M. Humann.</i>

It is said, that the new Premier is a man who has a mind of his own, and has stipulated that he and not Louis Philippe shall be the actual head of the government.

A letter from an eminent English banker has been received in New York, which quotes a letter from Hottinguer & Co., the great Paris bankers of the Bank of the United States, and known to be adverse to the American indemnity bill, in which letter they expressed a confident opinion that the indemnity would be passed by the 21st instant.

Correspondence of the Journal of Commerce.

Liverpool Monday Evening, March 25.—The Cotton market has been quiet in an inactive state. About 12,000 bales have been sold, including 4000 to speculators and 1500 for export, and prices are advanced 1d with a healthy feeling prevailing.

In general produce we have very few transactions of interest to note.

Cotton has been sold by quantity at 30s per bale and is dull at that price. Turpentine is rather lower, about 1500 bales sold last week at 12s 5d.

From the Liverpool Standard.

Monday evening, 23d March.—The sales on Saturday were 4000 bags, at steady prices. To-day there has been an extensive demand, and 12,000 bales sold, at 4d per lb advanced on 12s 5d, and 1500 bales in other kinds. Speculators have bought 3000 lbs each, and exporters 600.

LIVERPOOL Tuesday, March 26.—Coffee—Sales of 3200 bags St Domingo at 6d 6s 2d—400 bags Java at 50s, 2500 ordinary to good Java in 4d 6s 3d—70 very good Manila at 5s 3d and 22 casks 70 bags African at 42s cwt. In Cacao, Pepper, or Pimento, no sales. A small lot Bengal Ginger sold at 20s 6d per cwt. Small Sales of Indigo have been made at full price. There has been a better demand for Saffron, and 80 chests have been disposed of at £6 10s a £6 10s per cwt. 20 boxes of Lac Dye at 1d 11d per lb, 50 bags Punjer were sold by auction at 2s 8d 6s 1d, and 5 casks East India mixed Galls at £5 2s 6d a £6 10s. 5 casks Blackwood at 10s cwt. Some sales of Cassia Lignea have been made from 6d 6s up to 6s cwt. Several parcels of Turmeric offered by auction were withdrawn at 1s 2s above the prices offered. The transactions in Saffron amount to 1100 bags, ranging 2s 3d for the best quality, and of Nitrate of Soda, 1000 bags at 21s 6d, no rates a cargo for exportation, the price of which has not transpired.

Dyewood.—The demand has been very moderate for all kinds; 100 tons Campeachy Logwood sold at 8s, and 10 tons St Domingo at 6s; 50 tons Cuba Fusic brought 71 lbs a 7s 11d and a few tons old Nicaragua Wood 18s.

The turpentine market is rather lower, and 1400 bales have been sold at 12s 3d a 12s 5d per cwt for fair quality.

Of American Tar 170 bales sold at 18s 6d per bbl.

In the price of pot and pearl ashes there is no alteration; 160 bales of Montreal pot have found buyers at 3s 6d per bbl, and the sales of Montreal pearl have been rather extensive, 400 bags sold at 3s 6d per bbl, and 100 bags at 3s 6d for new brands.

In flaxseed for soaving there is no alteration to notice this week; the demand has been regular, and about 900 hds New York disposed of at 9s.

In Cloves the only transaction is 23 lbs new American red at 6s per cwt.

A few hds Philadelphia C. ercitron bark sold at 1s 8s.

Nothing done in bees wax, which continues to be much inferior low prices; 4100 dry Buenos Ayres 6d a 8d, 5930 Valparaiso 5d a 5d for sound, 1500 Rio Grande 9d.

The tobacco market is firm.

Serious Disaster on the Railroad.—The passengers by the Railroad Line from Philadelphia, did not arrive in New York yesterday afternoon till five o'clock, having been detained on the road by a serious disaster, the particulars of which we have learned from one of the passengers, and see p. 5.

About six miles this side of Bordentown, the baggage car, which is always next to the locomotive, was discovered to be on fire, having caught from the sparks from the furnace. The engine was immediately stopped, and every exertion was made that the circumstances of the case would admit, to arrest the progress of the flames, but, we regret to state, that the greater part of the passengers' baggage was destroyed before the flames could be controlled. Our informant states, that when the fire was first discovered the flames appeared to issue from the very centre of the baggage; the car was in a few seconds completely enveloped in a sheet of fire, and the wind being very high at the time, it burned with great fury. The flames also communicated to one of the half-price cars, which was slightly damaged.

Among the passengers who were the greatest sufferers, were Mrs R.—, of Boston, and Mrs Austin of the Theatre. The former lost a large quantity of valuable clothing, worth fifteen hundred dollars, but fortunately saved her diamonds and other jewelry. A German gentleman and his wife who lost all their clothing, were fortunate enough to recover a tin box, which was in one of their trunks, containing documents necessary for the recovery of a large estate in Europe, whither he is proceeding for that purpose. Mr Knowles, of Amherst, Mass., had a package in his trunk containing \$15,000, which was fortunately rescued from the flames, the trunk having been burnt up. We understand the money was put in his charge by one of the Philadelphia Banks, for a New York Bank. A rough estimate of the loss was made by the passengers, and it was computed to amount to upwards of five thousand dollars.

When the passengers got on board the steamboat, a meeting was called to take the matter into consideration. A committee was appointed to call upon the Company and represent the nature of the accident, and request recompensation to the sufferers.

Since the above was in type, we learn from another passenger, that the opinion was very prevalent among them that the fire was the result of design, and that it did not originate from sparks from the chimney. He says that the baggage was covered with a thick tarpaulin, and the fire evidently proceeded from the centre of the baggage.

The mail bag, containing a few letters and papers, was also destroyed. The fragments of forty-three letters were received at the New York Post Office last evening, and have been repacked to be returned to Philadelphia, this day. One of them contained a check for five hundred dollars.—*N. Y. Gaz.*

Misfortunes never come singly.—It appears from a paragraph in the Stamford Sentinel, that the proprietors of the Zoological Institute have met with another severe loss, in the death of one of their lions—the noble animal who shared the cage of the leopard.

On Saturday last, during their exhibition at Norwalk, a misapprehension between his majesty and Duke Leopard arose, from some cause unexplained, which terminated in an engagement, and before the keeper, who immediately entered the cage, could separate the combatants, the lion was killed. It was valued by its owners at \$1000.

The U. S. Consul at St Jago has notified the Department of State of the death of John P. Gooding, an American Seaman, of West Springfield, in this State, on the 17th of January last.

U. S. Rev. Charles Hamilton.—April 13th, 1835.

To CHARLES G. GREENE, Editor of the Morning Post:

—Sir: My attention having been recently directed by recommendation of a friend, to a novel and simple remedy for the ague and toothache (which mariners are peculiarly exposed) advertised for sale by Dr. Druggists of this city, by the name of H. & C. Electric Apothecary; and public credulity having greatly abated of late, by the numerous cases reported to be effectual cures of these common but often formidable complaints; I am desirous of asking the favor of your column in hearing public testimony to the high estimation in which I regard the article referred to, for the benefit of others. This article I have recently had occasion to use myself, under a very aggravated attack of the ague, toothache and ear ache; and the successful administration of it by me among the crew of the Revenue Cutter of this port, to which I am attached, leaves no doubt in my mind, that the article possesses extraordinary virtues for all those complaints. Such has been my experience in reference to the use of this article recently, that I should not think my medicine chest properly filled for a voyage, without it; and I recommend it to ship masters and heads of families as an article, in my judgment of intrinsic value for the ague and toothache, and complaints of the toothache and earache, and well deserving the high character attributed to it, by those who have certified publicly to its efficacy.

Very respectfully, your most obt' servant,

